

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

*As of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016
with Report of Independent Auditors*

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.
Consolidated Financial Statements

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of
The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Miracle Foundation, Inc. and its subsidiary (the “Organization”), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management’s Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity’s preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Miracle Foundation, Inc. and its subsidiary as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Holtzman Partners, LLP

July 16, 2018

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2017

	Unrestricted	Donor Temporarily Restricted	Donor Permanently Restricted	Total
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 473,895	\$ 186,666	\$ —	\$ 660,561
Prepaid expenses and other	388,022	—	—	388,022
Total current assets	861,917	186,666	—	1,048,583
Investments	654,408	—	—	654,408
Long-term deposits	3,271	—	—	3,271
Austin Community Foundation Endowment	—	—	7,500	7,500
Property and equipment, net	487,235	—	—	487,235
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,006,831</u>	<u>\$ 186,666</u>	<u>\$ 7,500</u>	<u>\$ 2,200,997</u>
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 26,599	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 26,599
Accrued liabilities	60,846	—	—	60,846
Notes payable, current portion	18,837	—	—	18,837
Total current liabilities	106,282	—	—	106,282
Notes payable, net of current	65,668	—	—	65,668
Total liabilities	171,950	—	—	171,950
Net assets:				
Unrestricted	1,834,881	—	—	1,834,881
Temporarily restricted	—	186,666	—	186,666
Permanently restricted	—	—	7,500	7,500
Total net assets	<u>1,834,881</u>	<u>186,666</u>	<u>7,500</u>	<u>2,029,047</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 2,006,831</u>	<u>\$ 186,666</u>	<u>\$ 7,500</u>	<u>\$ 2,200,997</u>

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2016

	Unrestricted	Donor Temporarily Restricted	Donor Permanently Restricted	Total
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,061,673	\$ 149,840	\$ —	\$ 1,211,513
Prepaid expenses and other	100,024	—	—	100,024
Total current assets	1,161,697	149,840	—	1,311,537
Investments	509,358	—	—	509,358
Long-term deposits	6,567	—	—	6,567
Austin Community Foundation Endowment	—	—	7,500	7,500
Property and equipment, net	498,208	—	—	498,208
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,175,830</u>	<u>\$ 149,840</u>	<u>\$ 7,500</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,170</u>
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 19,896	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 19,896
Accrued liabilities	77,659	—	—	77,659
Notes payable, current portion	7,306	—	—	7,306
Total current liabilities	104,861	—	—	104,861
Notes payable, net of current	289,001	—	—	289,001
Total liabilities	393,862	—	—	393,862
Net assets:				
Unrestricted	1,781,968	—	—	1,781,968
Temporarily restricted	—	149,840	—	149,840
Permanently restricted	—	—	7,500	7,500
Total net assets	1,781,968	149,840	7,500	1,939,308
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 2,175,830</u>	<u>\$ 149,840</u>	<u>\$ 7,500</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,170</u>

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2017

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Support and revenue:				
Contributions and support	\$ 2,146,339	\$ 451,594	\$ —	\$ 2,597,933
Interest and other income	28,090	—	—	28,090
Changes in fair value of investments	30,680	—	—	30,680
Total support and revenue	2,205,109	451,594	—	2,656,703
Net assets released from restrictions:				
Satisfaction of restrictions	414,768	(414,768)	—	—
	2,619,877	36,826	—	2,656,703
Expenses:				
Orphanage program expenses	1,437,170	—	—	1,437,170
Ambassador program expenses	88,760	—	—	88,760
Center for excellence program expenses	352,054	—	—	352,054
Advocacy program expenses	276,770	—	—	276,770
Management and general expenses	132,371	—	—	132,371
Fundraising expenses	291,870	—	—	291,870
Interest expenses	9,183	—	—	9,183
Total expenses	2,588,178	—	—	2,588,178
Change in net assets before foreign currency adjustment	31,699	36,826	—	68,525
Foreign currency adjustment	21,214	—	—	21,214
Change in net assets	52,913	36,826	—	89,739
Net assets at beginning of year	1,781,968	149,840	7,500	1,939,308
Net assets at end of year	\$ 1,834,881	\$ 186,666	\$ 7,500	\$ 2,029,047

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Consolidated Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2016

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Support and revenue:				
Contributions and support	\$ 2,410,973	\$ 335,622	\$ —	\$ 2,746,595
Interest and other income	18,326	—	—	18,326
Changes in fair value of investments	8,292	—	—	8,292
Total support and revenue	2,437,591	335,622	—	2,773,213
Net assets released from restrictions:				
Satisfaction of restrictions	291,417	(291,417)	—	—
	2,729,008	44,205	—	2,773,213
Expenses:				
Orphanage program expenses	1,626,717	—	—	1,626,717
Ambassador program expenses	215,664	—	—	215,664
Center for excellence program expenses	—	—	—	—
Advocacy program expenses	—	—	—	—
Management and general expenses	114,018	—	—	114,018
Fundraising expenses	298,257	—	—	298,257
Interest expenses	15,986	—	—	15,986
Total expenses	2,270,642	—	—	2,270,642
Change in net assets before foreign currency adjustment	458,366	44,205	—	502,571
Foreign currency adjustment	(20,953)	—	—	(20,953)
Change in net assets	437,413	44,205	—	481,618
Net assets at beginning of year	1,344,555	105,635	7,500	1,457,690
Net assets at end of year	\$ 1,781,968	\$ 149,840	\$ 7,500	\$ 1,939,308

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Years ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets	\$ 89,739	\$ 481,618
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	33,413	36,664
Net realized/unrealized gain on investments	(30,680)	(8,292)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses and other	(287,998)	(53,398)
Long-term deposits	3,296	(5,108)
Accounts payable	6,703	17,097
Accrued liabilities	(16,813)	17,759
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	<u>(202,340)</u>	486,340
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(22,440)	(25,154)
Purchases of investment, net	(181,838)	(251,768)
Redemption of term deposit	69,991	9,704
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(134,287)</u>	(267,218)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments on notes payable	(211,802)	(7,465)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(211,802)</u>	(7,465)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations	(2,523)	(1,456)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(550,952)	210,201
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,211,513	1,001,312
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 660,561</u>	<u>\$ 1,211,513</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ 9,183</u>	<u>\$ 15,986</u>

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

1. Organization

The Miracle Foundation (the “Organization”) is a non-profit organization that brings life-changing care to orphaned and vulnerable children around the world. Since being founded on Mother’s Day in 2000, the Organization has taken a stand for orphaned children. Today there are 8 million children living in institutions around the world. That is unacceptable. Ask any child and they will tell you that their biggest dream is to be part of a loving family – it’s where they thrive. The Organization’s “Child First” approach is multi-faceted, collaborative and community-based: (i) 80% of children living in institutions have a living relative. The Organization makes every effort to reunite these children with their birth family, if possible; (ii) for abandoned children without family – the Organization’s measurable, systematic method ensures that children are loved, educated, healthy and safe until they transition to a permanent family; and (iii) the Organization actively collaborate with governments, other non-profits and local family-strengthening organizations to transform systems and give children a voice. In 2011, the Organization formed its wholly-owned subsidiary, Miracle Foundation India (“Miracle India”), an Indian registered non-governmental organization, located in New Delhi, India dedicated to facilitating the Organization’s operations in India.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Financial Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Miracle Foundation, Inc. and its wholly-owned foreign subsidiary in New Delhi, India (collectively “the Organization”). The consolidated financial statements were prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 958-205, *Not-for-Profit Entities Presentation of Financial Statements*, which requires the Organization to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. In addition, the Organization is required to present the costs of providing various programs and other activities on a functional basis in the statement of activities or in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. Costs are allocated between management and general expenses, fundraising expenses or the appropriate program based on evaluations of the related benefits. Management and general expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but provide for the overall support and direction of the Organization.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of support and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, the Organization evaluates its estimates, including those related to the useful lives of property and equipment, and contingencies, among others. The Organization bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from the estimates made by management with respect to these items and other items that require management's estimates.

Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Organization's foreign subsidiary was determined to be the local currency; and therefore, assets and liabilities are translated at the current exchange rate at the balance sheet date and the income statement items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the reporting period. The foreign currency translation adjustment and gains and losses from non-functional currency denominated transactions are included in management and general expenses in the consolidated statements of activities. The functional currency of the Organization's Indian subsidiary is the Indian Rupee. As of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the cumulative translation adjustment was as follows:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 31,794	\$ 10,841
Translation Adjustment	(21,214)	20,953
Balance at December 31, 2017	<u>\$ 10,580</u>	<u>\$ 31,794</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers all highly liquid investments acquired with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market value, because of the short maturity of these instruments.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments

Investments consist of marketable equity and debt securities. The Organization determines the appropriate classification of its investments in debt and equity securities at the time of purchase and reevaluates such determinations at each balance sheet date. Marketable equity and marketable debt securities are carried at aggregate market value. The changes in the valuation of the marketable securities are shown on the consolidated statements of activities.

The cost of marketable equity securities sold is based on the first-in, first-out method. The cost of marketable debt securities sold is determined on the specific identification method. Realized gains and losses on security transactions are recognized on a trade-date basis and are shown on the consolidated statements of activities.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at net realizable value. The Organization continuously assesses the collectability of outstanding balances; and in doing such, the Organization maintains an allowance for estimated losses resulting from the non-collection of balances. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Organization did not have any amounts included in accounts receivable.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and investments. The Organization's cash and cash equivalents are placed with high-credit-quality financial institutions and issuers, and at times may exceed federally insured limits or be held in foreign jurisdictions. The Organization has not experienced any realized loss relating to cash and cash equivalents or long-term term deposits in these accounts.

The Organization places its investments in a variety of financial instruments and, by policy, limits the amount of credit exposure through diversification and by restricting its investments to highly rated securities. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in net values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that those changes could affect the amounts reported in the consolidated statements of financial position.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Grantors representing more than 10% of the Organization's total support for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Grantor A (an individual)	<10%	13%

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, generally three to 40 years. When depreciable assets are sold, retired, or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in other income (expense) in the Organization's consolidated statements of activities in the period incurred. Major additions and betterments are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs which do not materially improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are charged to operations as incurred.

Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, which consist primarily of property and equipment, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate their carrying value may not be recoverable. When such events or circumstances arise, an estimate of future undiscounted cash flows produced by the asset, or the appropriate grouping of assets, is compared to the asset's carrying value to determine if impairment exists. If the asset is determined to be impaired, the impairment loss is measured based on the excess of its carrying value over its fair value. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying value or net realizable value. No indicators of impairment were identified during the years ended December 31, 2017 or 2016.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Organization groups its assets and liabilities measured at fair value in a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets, with valuations obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in market that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The level of the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurement falls is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Organization's financial instruments consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities. Excluding investments, the fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying amount primarily due to short maturities. Cash equivalents and investments, measured at fair value on a recurring basis, and are categorized as Level 1 based on quoted prices in active markets.

The Organization recognizes transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period as if the transfers occurred on the last day of the reporting period. There were no transfers during 2017 or 2016.

Contributions

The Organization recognizes contributions, including unconditional promises to give, as revenue in the period received. Contributions, net assets, and changes therein are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Organization reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated asset. A donor restriction expires when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, at which time temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Donor contributions with restrictions that are met in the same year are reported as unrestricted support.

Contributed services are recognized when measurable and if the services received (a) create or enhance long-lived assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. No amounts were reflected in the consolidated financial statements for donated services and donated use of facilities, since no objective basis was available to measure the value of such services and facilities. Nevertheless, a substantial number of donors have contributed significant amounts of time and resources in support of the Organization.

Conditional Promises to Give

Pursuant with the Organization's policy and in conformity with ASC Topic 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*, the Organization does not recognize conditional promises as revenue until the condition is met or the pledges are received.

Income Taxes

The Organization is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and did not conduct unrelated business activities. Miracle India was incorporated as a not for profit under Section 25 of the India Companies Act, 1956. Therefore, the Organization has made no provision for federal income taxes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The Organization is a public charity under the Internal Revenue Code.

The Organization evaluates uncertain tax positions, if any exist, under ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*. The Organization accounts for uncertainty of income taxes based on a "more-likely-than-not" threshold for the recognition and de-recognition of tax positions, which includes the accounting for interest and penalties relating to tax positions. The Organization does not have any tax positions that it would consider uncertain at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The Organization accrues interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax positions as a component of income tax expense. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, there were no accrued interest and penalties.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The direct and allocable costs are classified as program, administrative, and fundraising activities as follows:

	Years ended December 31,			
	2017		2016	
Program	\$ 2,154,754	83.2%	\$ 1,842,381	81.1%
Administrative	132,371	5.1%	114,018	5.0%
Fundraising activities	291,870	11.3%	298,257	13.2%
Interest expenses	9,183	0.4%	15,986	0.7%
Total	<u>\$ 2,588,178</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 2,270,642</u>	<u>100%</u>

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. This ASU will supersede the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, *Revenue Recognition*, and most industry-specific guidance, and creates guidance for when revenue should be recognized from the exchange of goods or services. ASU No. 2016-08 was issued in March 2016 to clarify the principal versus agent guidance in this new revenue recognition standard. ASU 2016-10 was issued in April 2016 to clarify the guidance on accounting for licenses of intellectual property and identifying performance obligations in the new revenue recognition standard. ASU 2016-12 was issued in May 2016 to clarify the guidance on transition, collectibility, noncash consideration and the presentation of sales and other similar taxes in the new revenue recognition standard. ASU 2016-20 was issued in December 2016 to make technical corrections and improvements on narrow aspects of this guidance. ASU No. 2017-10 was issued in May 2017 to clarify that an operating entity in a service concession arrangement must consider the grantor the customer of the operation services it provides when it applies this revenue guidance in ASC 606. ASU No. 2015-14 was issued in August 2015 to defer the effective date of ASU 2014-09 for one year. For private companies, this standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. A nonpublic entity may elect to apply the guidance in this ASU early with certain restrictions. Management is currently evaluating the effect of these provisions on the Organization’s consolidated financial position and results of operations.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, *Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. This standard changes how entities measure equity investments that do not result in consolidation and are not accounted for under the equity method and how they present changes in the fair value of financial liabilities measured under the fair value option that are attributable to their own credit in order to improve the recognition and measurement of financial instruments. This standard also changes certain disclosure requirements related to financial instruments. This standard was amended by ASU 2018-04 in March 2018 as a result of the issuance of SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin 117. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the effect of these provisions on the Organization's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. This standard requires lessees to recognize a lease liability and a lease asset for all leases, including operating leases, with a term greater than 12 months on its balance sheet. The standard also expands the required quantitative and qualitative disclosures surrounding leases. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. This standard will be applied using a modified retrospective transition approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. Management is currently evaluating the effect of these provisions on the Organization's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*. This standard is intended to improve financial reporting by requiring timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments. For trade and other receivables, held-to-maturity debt securities, loans and other instruments, entities will be required to use a new forward-looking "expected loss" model that generally will result in the earlier recognition of allowances for losses. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted. This standard will be applied as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is adopted. The guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Organization's consolidated financial statements.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*, which changes how a not-for-profit organization classifies its net assets, as well as the information it presents in financial statements and notes about its liquidity, financial performance, and cash flows. The ASU requires amended presentation and disclosures to help not-for-profits provide more relevant information about their resources (and the changes in those resources) to donors, grantors, creditors, and other users. The guidance is effective for annual financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the effect of these provisions on the Organization's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments — a consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force*. This standard promotes consistency in the presentation of certain items on the Statement of Cash Flows. In November 2016 the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force)*. This standard clarifies restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be presented in the statement of cash flows. These new standards are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the effect of these provisions on the Organization's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 16, 2018, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued. See specific subsequent events disclosed in Note 10.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, net consists of the following:

	December 31,	
	2017	2016
Land	\$ 316,048	\$ 316,048
Building	79,012	79,012
Computers	28,940	19,100
Website and software development costs	105,918	105,918
Furniture and equipment	97,855	85,255
Total	<u>627,773</u>	<u>605,333</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation	(140,538)	(107,125)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 487,235</u>	<u>\$ 498,208</u>

Depreciation relating to the Organization's property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$33,413 and \$36,664, respectively.

4. Investments

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Organization's investments consist of the following:

	2017	2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 71,007	\$ 208,291
Bond funds	369,806	261,130
Exchange traded funds	169,940	111,718
Fixed income	86,438	136,510
Equity funds	28,224	-
Total	<u>725,415</u>	<u>717,649</u>
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(71,007)	(208,291)
Total investments at fair value	<u>\$ 654,408</u>	<u>\$ 509,358</u>

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Investments (continued)

Level 1 classifications consist of investments with observable market prices. Corporate bonds, exchange traded funds and fixed income securities have readily determinable fair market values based on quoted prices in active markets. The Organization's policy related to fair value measurement hierarchy classification, including any level transfers, occurs at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of December 31, 2017 in valuing the Organization's investments carried at fair value:

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ 71,007	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 71,007
Bond funds	369,806	—	—	369,806
Exchange traded funds	169,940	—	—	169,940
Fixed income	86,438	—	—	86,438
Equity funds	28,224	—	—	28,224
Totals	<u>\$ 725,415</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 725,415</u>

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of December 31, 2016 in valuing the Organization's investments carried at fair value:

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ 208,291	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 208,291
Bond funds	261,130	—	—	261,130
Exchange traded funds	111,718	—	—	111,718
Fixed income	136,510	—	—	136,510
Totals	<u>\$ 717,649</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 717,649</u>

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Notes Payable

On December 16, 2013, the Organization entered into a promissory note (the “Note”) for \$316,000 with a third party banking institution in order to purchase its Austin, Texas administrative office building. The Note bears interest at 5.24% per annum with a maturity date of December 16, 2028. The Organization is required to make monthly payments of principal and interest of \$1,906 beginning on January 16, 2014 and one last estimated payment of \$179,020 on the maturity date. On May 11, 2017, the Organization prepaid \$198,094 of the outstanding note payable balance. The Note is collateralized by the property purchased with the Note proceeds. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Organization had \$84,505 and \$296,307 outstanding on the Note, respectively.

Scheduled payments for each of the five years are as follows at December 31:

2018	\$ 18,837
2019	19,855
2020	20,929
2021	22,075
2022 and thereafter	<u>2,809</u>
Total notes payable	\$ 84,505
Less: current portion	<u>(18,837)</u>
Notes payable, net of current	<u><u>\$ 65,668</u></u>

6. Operating Leases

The Organization leases administrative offices in New Delhi, India as well as equipment. Rent expense under the office leases totaled approximately \$20,000 and \$15,000 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Rent expense under the equipment leases totaled approximately \$10,000 and \$9,000 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. Operating Leases (continued)

Future non-cancellable minimum lease payments under the operating leases are as follows:

<u>Years ending December 31,</u>	<u>Minimum Lease Payments</u>
2018	\$ 31,358
2019	32,776
2020	21,988
2021	20,482
2022 and thereafter	25,575
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 132,179</u>

7. Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are designated for the following purposes as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, based on donor stipulations:

	<u>December 31,</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Palmer Grant for tutor training and computers	\$ 83,663	\$ 62,077
Little Hearts Grant for Anbarasi boys dorm	7,717	7,717
Vestige Fund for Anbarasi	34,119	18,365
JJ Keller fund for Ashikiran	–	10,854
Strake Foundation fund for healthcare	–	5,000
Shamapant Scholarship	1,573	5,269
Samarpan fund for specified homes	36,191	32,945
Jindal fund for Gokul and Erode	8,014	4,311
V-Guard Industries fund for Marialaya	5,496	3,302
Bhatt Foundation for Cornerstone	6,960	–
Europe Incoming for Cornerstone	2,933	–
	<u>\$ 186,666</u>	<u>\$ 149,840</u>

During 2009, the Organization received a \$7,500 endowment gift which is held by the Austin Community Foundation. The \$7,500 donation is permanently restricted while the income earned on the donation is unrestricted. The income earned on the endowment was not significant for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The Miracle Foundation, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

8. Related Parties

During the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, board members and affiliates of board members donated approximately \$160,000 and \$143,000, respectively, to the Organization.

9. Pension Plan

Effective January 1, 2008, the Organization adopted the provisions of the Miracle Foundation 401(k) plan. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the contributions from the Organization on behalf of its employees were insignificant.

10. Subsequent Events

In March 2018 the Organization entered into new leases for office space in India. The leases have commencement dates in the respective month. These leases have been included in the minimum lease commitment schedule disclosed in Note 6.